

PROFESSOR EMILE CLEMENT
JUNGFLEISCH.

Professor Emile Clement Jungfleisch, of the Paris School of Pharmacy, died April 24, aged seventy-seven years, at his residence in Paris, France. At the age of twenty he became a member of the Paris Society of Chemistry; in 1863 house-pharmacist at La Pitié; in 1865, he rendered valuable service during the cholera epidemic; in 1869 he became preparator to Berthelot and from thence on succeeded to positions made vacant by the latter. In 1872 Professor Jungfleisch was awarded the Jecker prize of the Academy of Sciences for his work on benzene chloride and the transformation of varieties of tartaric acid. Many honors came to him during his active life, which brought forth numerous contributions to pharmacy and chemistry. While distinguished as a chemist and member of the Academy of Medicine, he was at one time president of the Paris Society of Pharmacy and an honored member thereof, also member of the Revision Committee of the Codex since 1884.

BARTRAM'S DESCENDANTS TO RE-
STORE FAMOUS PHILADELPHIA
GARDEN.

Lineal descendants of John Bartram and members of the association named for the founder of the first botanical garden in America gathered, June 3, on these grounds and voiced their determination to restore the garden to its original state of one hundred and eighty-six years ago.

Tentative plans for the restoration have been considered, and in the near future more active steps will be taken. Several distinguished speakers participated in this, the

twenty-second annual meeting, among them our fellow member, Dr. Adolph W. Miller.

There is much remaining in the garden and the house that links the past with the present, and with sufficient means it will be possible to restore original conditions, as far as these are desirable.

NEW YORK TRADE PRESS TAKES
ACTION AGAINST ALLEGED PRICE
COMBINATION OF PHOTO-ENGRA-
VERS.

The New York Trade Press Association is leading a fight against arbitrary and what is believed to be illegal action on the part of the engraving concerns of the city. These concerns have banded themselves together, under the name of the Photo-Engravers' Board of Trade, and recently notified all the publishers in New York City of an advance in the prices for photo-engraving which runs all the way from 20 to 200 percent.

It is noteworthy that the photo-engravers succeeded in putting into effect a similar scale in Chicago *and are planning to do likewise in 34 other cities*, without opposition from the publishers. In New York, too, it was assumed, at first, that this high-handed action could get through unchallenged. The trade publishers, however, looked into the matter and reached the conclusion that the action of the photo-engravers was contrary to law; that not only does it violate the Federal statute against combinations to fix prices, but that it directly contravenes a New York state law, known as the Donnelly Act, which is really more stringent than the Federal statute. The New York Trade Press Association has brought the matter to the attention of the District Attorney in New York County.

OBITUARY.

CHARLES L. HAY.

Charles LaMar Hay, of Du Bois, Pa., a prominent pharmacist of Pennsylvania, died of apoplexy in St. Mary's Church, St. Mary's, on April 23, 1916.

Mr. Hay was born at Lost Creek, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1866. He went to Du Bois in 1881, and later entered the employ of the late E. Fred Vosburg, being taken into partnership in 1888. Two years later he purchased Mr. Vosburg's interest, Mr. Vosburg having started the Corner Drug Store. In 1900 Mr. Hay pur-

chased this store from Mr. Vosburg and in 1914 he formed the Hay Drug Company. Last June, Mr. Hay purchased a drug store in Ridgway, and in July moved to that place.

Mr. Hay was a master workman in pharmacy and for a number of years was active in the Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association. He became a member in 1896, in 1899 he was elected first vice-president, and in 1902 was made president.

Mr. Hay was a man of strong force of character and genial disposition.

He was a warm admirer of the American Pharmaceutical Association, believing that

"the good work that this organization has accomplished can scarcely be computed; sufficient to say that whatever advancement pharmaceutical science has made in this country has been largely due to its fostering care." He became a member in 1898.

Mr. Hay was especially earnest in his opinions upon the necessity of changing our



CHARLES L. HAY

patent and trade mark laws. In his address as president of the Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association, in 1903, he said that education is our remedy—"Educate our people as well as our legislators to a thorough comprehension of the nature of these laws. . . .

"Our country—big and generous in everything—permits its generosity to take strange

moods. So lavish are we that we give away an empire worth a dozen king's ransoms to a transcontinental railway and then in the next spasm grant a foreigner a monopoly on a medicinal preparation which his own country—more watchful of the welfare of its invalid citizens—refuses to protect; and this freak of generosity of ours enables the foreigner to demand and receive four, yes, five and six, times what the identical product sells for in the land of its birth."

Thirteen years have flown by since Mr. Hay uttered his earnest protest and the laws of product-patents have not been changed; but they may yet be by reason of the exigencies caused by the European War.

Mr. Hay is survived by his wife and two sons, his mother, five brothers, and two sisters.

J. W. E.

JOSEPH D. FRANZONI.

Joseph Dunbar Franzoni, seventy-five years old, a prominent pharmacist of the national capital, died at his late home, 608 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., on April 22, 1916, of Bright's disease. He was a life-long resident of Washington and a prominent figure in local pharmaceutical circles. He was connected with the firm of Z. D. Gilman, 627 Pennsylvania Avenue, for fifty-three years, and was a member of the firm for half a century. He took an active interest in civic affairs, being a member of the Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce.

He joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1900. He is survived by four sons, two daughters, and a brother, all of Washington, D. C.

J. W. E.

SOCIETIES AND COLLEGES.

The American Pharmaceutical Association will meet in Atlantic City, September 5-9. The American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties and National Association of Boards of Pharmacy convene in Philadelphia, August 31 and September 1 and 2, participating in joint meeting with other bodies in Atlantic City during the week following. In last issue, underneath a cut showing a view in Atlantic City, the month given there was an error, and, while we presume this was recognized, we desire to emphasize the time and place so that the members will prepare for the annual event.

The Chairmen of the various sections have

been busily engaged in laying out their work and soliciting papers for their programs. While, as a rule, by the time of the meeting, there are sufficient papers to occupy the time of the sessions, many are slow in responding, forgetful that this may mean loss of time and unnecessary expenditure for postage.

The Detroit meeting exemplified that it was possible to carry on association work systematically. Of necessity each member in attendance has many engagements, they would like to participate in the work, or listen to as many of the papers as possible. The success depends on coöperation in applying system and doing away with unnecessary remarks.